# Measuring Attitude Toward Reading: Another Tool For Teachers 

Marley W. Watkins

A reading attitude survey was recently published by McKenna and Kear in The Reading Teacher (1990) and a Spanish language translation was printed in the Arizona Reading Journal (1992). This Elementary Reading Attitude Survey (ERAS), scoring criteria, and normative tables were placed into the public domain and provide teachers with a useful tool for exploring the reading attitudes of their students.

Administration of the ERAS is straightforward and requires little time. Scoring is not so quick. Each student's answers to 20 items must be summed into three categories and then percentiles corresponding to each of the three raw score sums must be located in appropriate tables. Classroom averages require summing all raw scores, finding means, and then referring to percentile tables once again. Such intensive usage of tables requires considerable time and may lead to scoring errors (Slate \& Chick, 1989; Slate \& Jones, 1990). The present paper describes a computer program which automates scoring of the ERAS to reduce scoring time and improve scoring accuracy.

## Language and Computer

The ERAS Analysis program is written in Applesoft BASIC, requires 64 K RAM under the DOS 3.3 operating system, and is contained on a single 5.25 inch disk. It is designed to operate on the Apple IIe and Apple IIGS microcomputers. An Image Writer II printer or equivalent is necessary for printing results.

## Input

Data is input from the keyboard into data files which correspond to classrooms. That is, a data file is created and named after the teacher, each child's responses to the 20 ERAS items is typed, and the resultant file is stored on the disk. Input is interactive and allows editing and review of data. Instructions and descriptions are contained on the disk.

## Output

Printed output consists of two pages for each classroom file. Examples of both pages are found in the Appendix. The first page was designed as a validity check and permanent record. Each student's name, grade level, and raw score response to all 20 ERAS items are printed. The second output page presents summary ERAS statistical results for each student as well as the total class. Abbreviations used on this page are explained in Table 1. Standard scores as presented have a mean of 100 and standard deviation of 15 . Standard scores were calculated from grade level norms presented by McKenna and Kear (1990) using a formula described by Sattler (1988). Standard scores are produced because percentiles have been demonstrated to be nonnormally distributed and therefore not generally appropriate for other statistical analyses (Tabachnick \& Fidell, 1983).

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Table 1
Description of Abbreviations used in Analysis of ERAS program output

| Output | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Re | raw score for Recreational reading attitude |
| Ac | raw score for Academic reading attitude |
| To | raw score for Total reading attitude |
| \%Re | percentile rank for Recreational reading attitude |
| \%Ac | percentile rank for Academic reading attitude |
| \%To | percentile rank for Total reading attitude |
| SS Re | standard score for Recreational reading attitude |
| SSAc | standard score for Academic reading attitude |
| SS To | standard score for Total reading attitude |

## Program Availability

The Analysis of ERAS program is available on disk from the author by sending $\$ 10.00$ to cover postage, duplication, and media costs. Mail requests to: 511 West Wood Drive; Phoenix, AZ 85029. Requests from outside the United States and purchase orders should include an additional $\$ 5.00$ for delivery.

## References

McKenna, M.C., \& Kear, D.J. (1990). Measuring attitude toward reading: A new tool for teachers. The Reading Teacher, 43, 626639.

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## Appendix: Elementary Reading Attitude Survey Analysis Output

PILE: MS. ATLAS


Analysis of the Elementary Reading Attltude Survey Copyright 1990 by Marley Watkins

| Flist Name | Last Name | Re | Ac | To | *Re | *AAc | *To | SS Re | SS Ac | SS To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STEVEN | AGICULTURE | 26 | 26 | 52 | 25 | 37 | 29 | 89 | 94 | 91 |
| JOSH | ASHLEY | 33 | 33 | 66 | 68 | 73 | 71 | 107 | 109 | 109 |
| MMANDA | BROWNLY | 35 | 36 | 71 | 79 | 85 | 84 | 112 | 116 | 116 |
| ADAM | BOOCEX | 35 | 36 | 71 | 79 | 85 | 84 | 112 | 116 | 116 |
| BAILEY | BROWNLEY | 35 | 23 | 58 | 79 | 23 | 47 | 112 | 87 | 99 |
| MIEE | BURROW | 34 | 30 | 64 | 74 | 57 | 66 | 110 | 103 | 106 |
| ABBER | CAMPWIEL | 35 | 33 | 68 | 79 | 73 | 77 | 112 | 109 | 112 |
| TIM | COHXLEY | 37 | 40 | 77 | 88 | 99 | 94 | 118 | 125 | 124 |
| DAVID | BUDDA | 26 | 13 | 39 | 25 | 1 | 4 | 89 | 65 | 74 |
| JENNI FER | CURIE | 26 | 18 | 44 | 25 | 6 | 9 | 69 | 76 | 80 |
| ASHLEY | DEEVIDSEN | 38 | 33 | 71 | 92 | 73 | 84 | 120 | 109 | 116 |
| NATALIE | DICERNO | 36 | 32 | 68 | 84 | 67 | 77 | 115 | 107 | 112 |
| KIRA | DIEES | 26 | 35 | 61 | 25 | 81 | 57 | 69 | 114 | 103 |
| DAVE | FRANKLIN | 40 | 40 | 80 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 126 | 125 | 128 |
| JUSTIN | GERRY | 28 | 29 | 57 | 37 | 51 | 45 | 94 | 100 | 97 |
| DAVID | horsemy | 38 | 26 | 64 | 92 | 37 | 66 | 120 | 94 | 106 |
| LYNETTE | HOOVER | 34 | 33 | 67 | 74 | 73 | 74 | 110 | 109 | 110 |
| KRISTY | LARIET | 35 | 35 | 70 | 79 | 81 | 82 | 112 | 114 | 114 |
| BRIANNE | LYIETE | 35 | 36 | 71 | 79 | 85 | 84 | 112 | 116 | 116 |
| JOHN | MCHUGH | 34 | 31 | 65 | 74 | 62 | 69 | 110 | 105 | 108 |
| SHANINEN | MCWILLIAMS | 28 | 24 | 52 | 37 | 27 | 29 | 94 | 89 | 91 |
| ANDREA | NILES | 29 | 27 | 56 | 44 | 41 | 41 | 97 | 96 | 96 |
| ETHAN | ROXANY | 35 | 27 | 62 | 79 | 41 | 60 | 112 | 96 | 104 |
| ANDREN | ROOSEVELT | 25 | 23 | 48 | 20 | 23 | 18 | 86 | 87 | 85 |
| MISTY | SATIRE | 30 | 22 | 52 | 50 | 18 | 29 | 99 | 85 | 91 |
| EEVIN | WATXINS | 40 | 30 | 70 | 99 | 57 | 82 | 126 | 103 | 114 |

as. ATLAS class averages

| Grade o | $\mathrm{N}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Grade 2 | $\mathrm{N}=26$ | 33 | 30 | 62 | 68 | 57 | 60 |
| Grade 3 | $\mathrm{~N}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grade 4 | $\mathrm{N}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grade 5 | $\mathrm{N}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grade 6 | $\mathrm{~N}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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